SURVEY ON EUROPEAN TRENDS OF

MULTI-LEVEL GOVERNANCE

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KAKEN Research Project on the Structural Transformation of European Democracy in Multi-level Governance (Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (B) 20330030)

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The total number of answers are 44: 29 from experts and 15 from practitioners.

Answers from:

Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, UK, Croatia, Serbia, USA

Amiens ville et Amiens metropole (ville et agglomeration), Antwerp, Barden-Wuerttemberug, Bordeaux, Carinthia, Catalonia, Flemish, Gothenburg, Lisbon, North East England, Saxony, Scotland, Picardie et Somme, Vaestra Goetaland.

Question 1: Multiple Identities

Which political entity do you feel yourself belonging to? Multiple answers are allowed.

EU	24
National Communities	33
Sub-national Communities	23
Others	6

Comments:

-11

I am European First and Iris Second.

We are one of the regions that Spain is distributed. Historic reasons justifying the legal and institutional status we enjoyed, different from other regions in Spain. So, the Multi-level Governance is really important for us.

As I am elected at local level as representative of the Austrian Association of Municipalities, I feel very much connected to local and regional level.

European, national and local level, all of them.

There are issues, such as GlobalWarming that have a World Wide political dimension.

Feel British and Scottish. Do not see this as compettitive.

I am fully convinced that multi-level identity is possible, and working well.

I believe in root identity and project identity. The nationality would be the root-identity and the building of the European structure would be the project-identity.

I have multiple national identities. What I belong to depends on the context.

Like many Scots, I feel a connection both to Scotland and to the UK. I live and work in Scotland, follow Scottish politics (for work) and engage with Scottish policymakers on quite a regular basis. However, it is difficult to understand Scottish politics without using the UK as a key reference point. I also follow UK politics, UK media and have friends and family in the rest of the UK. It is difficult to feel the same sort of connection to a political entity.

Question 2: A Basic Comcept

Have you ever heard the word Multi-level Governance, and are you well aware of it?

Have heard and know very well + Have heard and know.....42

Have heard but do not know well.....2

Comments:

It's now by our engagement the committee of the regions (UE) when we could understand and strengthen this idea.

I am very aware of it but I think governance is often confused with democracy. We may have multi level democratic structures but their governance abilities is antoher question.

I know this from the academic literature.

Seems like a stupid concept to me. But I am aware of it.

Basically it's the end of top down centralized control and the move to an era in which control is devolved and to some extent contested by multiple and overlapping authorities and actors.

I am a scholar of MLG and have published regulalry on the subject.

Its a nice idea, but.....

Many Europeans have a multi-level identity but they may not call it like that. Similarly, they know MLG in practice, but not necessarily in theory.

This is a concept I've been working often due to my academic responsibility.

Questions 3: Development of European Multilevel Governance --- General Trends

What do you think about the following statement? Since 2009, although national governments have lost their political control in the policies listed below, the EU and sub-national (regional/local) governments have enhanced their influence on them?

and sub-nat them?	ional (regional/local) governments have enhanced their influence on
(A) Concer	ning human rights policies, the EU has enhanced its influence.
	Fully agree + Agree31
	status quo11
	Disagree + Strongly disagree1
	Don't know1
	ning human rights policies, the sub-national governments have heir influence.
	Disagree + Strongly disagree21
	status quo12
	Fully agree + Agree9
	No answer1
	Don't know1
(C) Concert	ning regulatory policies, the EU has enhanced its influence.
	Fully agree + Agree41
	status quo2
	Disagree + Strongly disagree1
(D) Concert their influen	ning regulatory policies, the sub-national governments have enhanced ace.
	Disagree + Strongly disagree17
	status quo16

Fully agree + Agree	.10
Don't know	1

(E) Concerning redistribution policies, the EU has enhanced its influence.

(F) Concerning redistribution policies, the sub-national governments have enhanced their influence.

status quo19
Disagree + Strongly Disagree15
Fully agree + Agree10

Comments:

As the budget 2014-2020 was reduced, neither the EU nor the local governments could enhance their influence.

The EU has never been very active in the human rights field. Same thing for redistributive policy; it is simply nto the EU's mandate. Regulatin is where the EU has taken over authority from national institutions. I note in your question that you do not include the national level which makes the assessment of MLG in regulatory issues difficult.

Not sure there has been much attention to other than economy in this time frame.

Not that human rights law is pursued primarily through the ECHR, which is not the same as the EU. The EU continues to regulate, particularly in areas such as environmental policy. Redistribution may increase as the EU budget increases, but this is still primarily a national government role.

I would contest the assertion in the question that national governments have lost their control.

A bit unclear to me if the sub-national governments here mean in Sweden where I live, or generally in the EU. The former status quo, the latter more difficult to assess

as the variations are large across Europe (as well as across various different local
and regional levels, and different policy asreas). Some subnational governments
have enhanced their unfluence, others have not, and some have gained less
influence (e.g. renationalisation, or in relative terms due to increased EU
influence). In total I guess the status quo still provides the best overall assessment.

Due to the global crisis the crisis management appears mostly in specific ways.

The EU	has enł	nanced	the regul	ation a	about l	numan	rights	or the	environ	ment,	but it
has also	contrib	outed to	o aggrava	ate soc	ial ine	qualitie	es.				

.....

Question 4: Development of European Multi-level Governance. Individual Policy Sectors

Since 2009, has the EU enhanced its own influence in the following policy sectors, or have national or sub-national (regional or local) governments kept, newly captured or recaptured political control in them? Multiple answers are allowed.

(A) Econo	mic regulations
	EU32
	National Government19
	Sub-national Government4
	Others1
	Don't know2
	No answer0
(B) Fiscal	policies
	EU29
	National Government24
	Sub-national Government5
	Others1
	Don't know0
	No answer0
(C) Social	Policies
	EU21
	National Government29
	Sub-national Government10
	Others1

	Don't know	0
	No answer	.0
(D) Environm	nental Policies	
	EU	33
	National Government1	14
	Sub-national Government	11
	Others	.1
	Don't know	2
	No answer	.0
(E) Energy P	Policies	
	EU2	24
	National Government2	26
	Sub-national Government	8
	Others	1
	Don't know	2
	No answer	.0
(F) Security	Policies	
	EU2	6
	National Government2	8
	Sub-national Government	6
	Others	4
	Don't know	0
	No answer	0

(G) Cultural and Educational Policies

EU	15
National Government	26
Sub-national Government	23
Others	1
Don't know	1
No answer	0

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Question 5: Cross- and Trans-Border Cooperation

What do you think about the following statement? Since 2009, a retreat can be found in cross-border cooperation between neighbourhood local communities as well as trans-border cooperation among cities or regional governments.

Disagree + Strongly Disagree	1
status quo	11
Fully agree + Agree	9
Don't know	8

Comments:

There has been no retreat as there is very little cross-border cooperation between neighourhood local communities as well as trans-border cooperation among cities or regional governments to begin with.

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Question 6: Domestic Decentralisation

What do you think about the following statement? Since 2009, a retreat can be found in domestic decentralisation of your country and a re-centralisation can be seen to have appeared.

Disagree + Strongly Disagree17
Fully agree + Agree15
status quo11
Don't know1
Comments:
lease see my Blog Polst.
ttp://www.brianmeany.ie/local-government-local-democracy-local-relevance/

Question 7: Unequal Development in Europe

What do you think about the following statement? Since 2009, gaps in political power and economic strength among member states of the EU, in particular between larger and smaller member states, old and new member states, regions and specifically cities in your country, have widened.

(A) Concer	ning gap in political power among member states of the EU
	Fully agree + Agree38
	status quo3
	Disagree + Strongly Disagree2
	Don't know1
(B) Concern	ing gap in econnomic strength among member states of the EU
	Fully agree + Agree41
	status quo1
	Disagree + Strongly disagree1
	Don't know2 *
	* There was two answers to one question.
(C) Concern of the EU	ning gap in political power between larger and smaller member states
	Fully agree + Agree31
	status quo7
	Disagree + Strongly disagree4
	Don't know1
	No answer1

(D) Concerning gap in economic strength between larger and smaller member states of the EU			
	Fully agree + Agree31		
	Disagree + Strongly disagree6		
	status quo3		
	Don't know3		
	No answer1		
(E) Concerr EU	ning gap in political power between old and new member states of the		
	Fully agree + Agree18		
	status quo16		
	Disagree + Strongly disagree5		
	Don't know5		
(F) Concerning gap in economic strength between old and new member states of the EU			
	Fully agree + Agree23		
	status quo9		
	Disagree + Strongly Disagree8		
	Don't know4		
(G) Concerning gap in political power among regions of your country			
	Fully agree + Agree23		
	status quo15		
	Don't know3		

	Disagree + Strongly disagree2
	No answer1
(H) Concern	ing gap in economic strength among regions of your country
	Fully agree + Agree29
	status quo7
	Disagree + Strongly disagree5
	Don't know2
	No answer1
(I) Concerni	ng gap in political power among cities in your country
	status quo20
	Fully agree + Agree18
	Disagree + Strongly disagree2
	Don't know4
(J) Concerni	ng gap in economic strength among cities in your country
	Fully agree + Agree22
	status quo17
	Don't know4
	Disagree + Strongly disagree1

Question: Euro-zone Crisis

To what degree have financial and fiscal crises since 2009 damaged European integration?

Breakthrough towards more Europe	16
Serious but surmountable by going back to less Europe	15
Not seirous and status quo	6
Don't know.	.4 '
Lethal	2
No answer	2

Comments:

It may take time but the flaws of an unsupported common currency as proposed in the Maastricht Treaty have been exposed. I do believe that those flaws will in time bring Europe closer but rather than a common ideal of greater unity it will be from a pragmatic realisation that the Euro has to work.

^{*} There were two answers to one question.

Question: European Democracy

What do you think about the following statement? Since 2009, a retreat in democracy in the EU can be found, because of insufficiency of participatory democracy.

Fully agree + Agree1	7
Disagree + Strongly disagree1	6
status quo1	0
Don't know	.1